

Table 1: Real GDP Growth Rate (Year-on-Year) in Per Cent

COUNTRY	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Australia	2.6	2.3	2.7	2.4	2.8	1.9	-2.0	5.4	4.1	2.1	1.0	1.6
Brazil	0.5	-3.5	-3.3	1.3	1.8	1.2	-3.3	4.8	3.0	3.2	3.4	2.0
Canada	2.9	0.7	1.0	3.0	2.7	1.9	-5.0	6.0	4.2	1.5	1.5	1.4
China	7.5	7.0	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.1	2.3	8.6	3.1	5.4	5.0	4.0
Egypt	2.9	4.4	4.3	4.2	5.3	5.5	3.6	3.3	6.7	3.8	2.4	3.8
France	1.0	1.0	0.7	2.3	1.6	2.1	-7.6	6.8	2.6	1.1	1.1	0.6
Germany	2.2	1.7	2.3	2.7	1.1	1.0	-4.1	3.7	1.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1
India	7.4	8.0	8.3	6.8	6.5	3.9	-5.8	9.7	7.6	9.2	6.5	6.2
Indonesia	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.0	-2.1	3.7	5.3	5.0	5.0	4.7
Japan	0.3	1.6	0.8	1.7	0.6	-0.4	-4.2	2.7	0.9	1.5	0.1	0.6
Russia	0.7	-2.0	0.2	1.8	2.8	2.2	-2.7	5.9	-1.4	4.1	4.1	1.5
South Africa	1.4	1.3	0.7	1.2	1.6	0.3	-6.2	5.0	1.9	0.7	0.6	1.0
United Arab Emirates	4.2	6.8	5.6	0.7	1.3	1.1	-5.0	4.4	7.5	3.6	3.8	4.0
United Kingdom	3.2	2.2	1.9	2.7	1.4	1.6	-10.3	8.6	4.8	0.4	1.1	1.1
United States	2.5	2.9	1.8	2.5	3.0	2.6	-2.2	6.1	2.5	2.9	2.8	1.8

Note:

1) Data for India is for the respective fiscal years. For example: 2024 pertains to the fiscal year FY25 (April 2024 to March 2025) and so on. For all other countries, the data pertains to calendar year.

2) Definition of real GDP growth as per IMF: Annual percentages of constant price GDP are year-on-year changes; the base year is country-specific. Expenditure-based GDP is total final expenditures at purchasers' prices (including the f.o.b. value of exports of goods and services), less the f.o.b. value of imports of goods and services.

3) Projections for South Africa and United Arab Emirates start after year 2023 and for all other countries it starts after 2024.

Source: IMF World Economic Outlook – April 2025

Table 2: Nominal GDP (US\$ Billion)

COUNTRY	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Australia	1,457	1,234	1,263	1,381	1,417	1,386	1,363	1,656	1,725	1,742	1,797	1,772
Brazil	2,456	1,800	1,797	2,064	1,917	1,873	1,476	1,671	1,952	2,191	2,171	2,126
Canada	1,806	1,557	1,528	1,649	1,725	1,744	1,656	2,022	2,190	2,173	2,241	2,225
China	10,701	11,307	11,448	12,503	14,111	14,572	15,103	18,191	18,308	18,270	18,748	19,232
Egypt	322	350	351	247	263	318	383	423	475	394	383	347
France	2,862	2,443	2,470	2,588	2,783	2,723	2,646	2,968	2,797	3,057	3,162	3,211
Germany	3,967	3,424	3,537	3,762	4,054	3,958	3,937	4,351	4,167	4,527	4,659	4,745
India	2,039	2,104	2,295	2,651	2,703	2,836	2,675	3,167	3,346	3,638	3,909	4,187
Indonesia	891	861	932	1,016	1,042	1,119	1,059	1,187	1,319	1,371	1,396	1,430
Japan	4,897	4,445	5,004	4,931	5,041	5,118	5,054	5,039	4,262	4,213	4,026	4,186
Russia	2,049	1,357	1,281	1,575	1,653	1,696	1,488	1,829	2,296	2,060	2,161	2,076
South Africa	381	347	323	381	405	389	338	421	407	381	400	410
United Arab Emirates	414	370	369	391	427	418	349	415	503	514	537	549
United Kingdom	3,066	2,929	2,699	2,682	2,875	2,853	2,699	3,144	3,125	3,371	3,645	3,839
United States	17,608	18,295	18,805	19,612	20,657	21,540	21,354	23,681	26,007	27,721	29,185	30,507

Note:

1) Data for India is for the respective fiscal years. For example: 2024 pertains to the fiscal year FY25 (April 2024 to March 2025) and so on. For all other countries, the data pertains to calendar year.

2) Definition of nominal GDP: Values are based upon GDP in national currency converted to U.S. dollars using market exchange rates (yearly average). Exchange rate projections are provided by country economists for the group of other emerging market and developing countries. Exchange rates for advanced economies are established in the WEO assumptions for each WEO exercise. Expenditure-based GDP is total final expenditures at purchasers' prices (including the f.o.b. value of exports of goods and services), less the f.o.b. value of imports of goods and services.

3) Projections for South Africa and United Arab Emirates start after year 2023 and for all other countries it starts after 2024.

Source: IMF World Economic Outlook – April 2025

Table 3: Nominal GDP in PPP terms (US\$ Billion)

COUNTRY	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Australia	1,092	1,128	1,170	1,219	1,288	1,366	1,379	1,555	1,735	1,834	1,898	1,980
Brazil	3,040	2,959	2,890	2,980	3,187	3,334	3,360	3,788	4,180	4,471	4,735	4,958
Canada	1,625	1,651	1,684	1,766	1,853	1,900	1,848	2,149	2,399	2,523	2,623	2,730
China	16,512	17,835	19,224	20,917	22,803	24,799	25,961	29,420	32,499	35,478	38,154	40,716
Egypt	980	1,033	1,088	1,154	1,303	1,437	1,665	1,729	1,975	2,123	2,227	2,372
France	2,758	2,811	2,858	2,976	3,115	3,445	3,345	3,657	4,020	4,211	4,359	4,504
Germany	4,038	4,143	4,278	4,473	4,665	4,925	4,880	5,237	5,687	5,876	6,005	6,161
India	6,452	7,033	7,685	8,355	9,231	9,933	9,771	11,384	13,124	14,846	16,187	17,647
Indonesia	2,380	2,520	2,672	2,857	3,070	3,266	3,223	3,531	3,983	4,335	4,663	5,009
Japan	4,877	4,999	5,084	5,262	5,344	5,404	5,357	5,604	6,060	6,371	6,531	6,741
Russia	3,670	3,631	3,673	3,807	4,205	4,580	4,651	5,688	6,006	6,477	6,905	7,192
South Africa	740	757	769	792	782	796	767	843	921	960	989	1,026
United Arab Emirates	533	574	612	628	702	726	614	645	743	798	848	905
United Kingdom	2,742	2,829	2,911	3,042	3,130	3,336	3,219	3,544	3,980	4,140	4,287	4,448
United States	17,608	18,295	18,805	19,612	20,657	21,540	21,354	23,681	26,007	27,721	29,185	30,507

Note:

1) Data for India is for the respective fiscal years. For example: 2024 pertains to the fiscal year FY25 (April 2024 to March 2025) and so on. For all other countries, the data pertains to calendar year.

2) Definition of GDP PPP terms: These data form the basis for the country weights used to generate the World Economic Outlook country group composites for the domestic economy. The IMF is not a primary source for purchasing power parity (PPP) data. WEO weights have been created from primary sources and are used solely for purposes of generating country group composites. For primary source information, please refer to one of the following sources: the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, the World Bank, or the Penn World Tables. For further information see Box A2 in the Statistical Appendix of the October 2024 WEO, Box 1.1 in the October 2020 World Economic Outlook, "Revised Purchasing Power Parity Weights" in the July 2014 WEO Update, Box A2 in the April 2004 World Economic Outlook, Box A1 in the May 2000 World Economic Outlook, and Annex IV in the May 1993 World Economic Outlook for summaries of the revised PPP-based weights; and Box 1.2 in the September 2003 World Economic Outlook for a discussion on the measurement of global growth. See also Anne Marie Gulde and Marianne Schulze-Ghattas, Purchasing Power Parity Based Weights for the World Economic Outlook, in Staff Studies for the World Economic Outlook (Washington: IMF, December 1993), pp. 106-23.

3) Projections for South Africa and United Arab Emirates start after year 2023 and for all other countries it starts after 2024.

Source: IMF World Economic Outlook – April 2025

Table 4: Rank of India in terms of Nominal GDP in US\$ and PPP terms

Year	Nominal GDP (US\$)	Nominal GDP (PPP terms)
2014	10	3
2015	7	3
2016	7	3
2017	6	3
2018	7	3
2019	6	3
2020	6	3
2021	5	3
2022	5	3
2023	5	3
2024	5	3
2025	4	3

Note: 1) Estimates for India's nominal GDP and in PPP terms start after the year 2024.

Source: IMF World Economic Outlook – April 2025